### Tanganekald Yan!

### Speak Tanganekald!

Keeping Ancestral voices alive



Government of South Australia

Department for Education



### Tanganekald is a language of the Ngarrindjeri Nation, from the Lakes and Coorong region of South Australia. These cards will help you learn some of the Tanganekald language.

The illustrations in this set were created by Jacob Stengle (Karumapuli). Jacob was a Tanganekald-Ngarrindjeri man and artist who had a deep commitment to exploring and visually representing the cultural traditions of his Country. The illustrations featured in these cards draw from and visualise the Tanganekald stories told by his grandfather, Milerum (Clarence Long).

Each card is double-sided, featuring an illustration and story incorporating Tanganekald words on one side and the Tanganekald words repeated with the English translation on the other.

We acknowledge the Ngarrindjeri Aboriginal Corporation as the cultural authority for Tanganekald. We also acknowledge and pay our respects to the Ngarrindjeri People and the descendants of Milerum.

These cards have been produced by the South Australian Museum in partnership with the Mobile Language team, Jacob Stengle (Karumapuli) and his family. The cards have been made possible through funding provided by the Department of Education and are available online for use by school students across South Australia.

For more information, please visit https://aboriginallivinglanguages.sa.gov.au/

Artwork images © Jacob Stengle (Karumapuli) 2022 Pages may be freely reproduced for non-commercial purposes. For any commercial use please contact education@samuseum.sa.gov.au.



### Tanganekald sounds and spelling

The Tanganekald alphabet has 28 letters and is quite different to the English alphabet, so you'll need to learn the sound that each letter stands for in order to accurately pronounce the language.

### a b d dh dj e g i k l ly m n ng ny o p r rr rl rn rt t th tj u w y

Here are some of the sounds in the language to practise before you start.

### VOWELS

- a sounds like the 'a' in English father.
- e sounds like the 'e' in English pet.
- i sounds like the 'i' in English bit. It can also sound like the 'ee' in beep when it is at the end of a word.
- sounds like the 'o' in English pot.
- u sounds like the 'u' in English put. However, if this letter comes before the letters 'rl, rn, rt, r' then it sounds like the 'ur' sound in English 'turn'.

### COMBINED VOWELS

- ai sounds like 'pie' ei sounds like 'hey'
- au sounds like 'now' oi sounds like 'boil'

### CONSONANTS

- **dh** sounds like the 'd' in English 'dog', but with the tongue pushed into the back of the front teeth as you say it.
- dj sounds like the 'dg' in English 'judge'.
- ly sounds like the 'll' in English 'million'.
- ng sounds like the 'ng' in English 'sing'.
- ny sounds like the 'ni' in English 'onion'.
- th sounds like the 't' in English 'touch', but with the tongue pushed into the back of the front teeth as you say it.
- tj sounds like the 'tch' in English 'match'.



Listen to the sounds of the language here.



The mitji of this wark is Marangane. He is a maldawuli. Marangane morpun from the top of a pardhung.

## mitjinamewarkcrowMaranganename of the CrowmaldawuliAncestral beingmorpunwatchingpardhunggranite rock





Listen to the Crow Song here

Marangane invited many palak for a feast of mami. It was a trick! He drowned them when they waded into the yilgi. He turned the palak into stone reef called Lakuldarar. He also turned them into rawuntulun, witin-witin, and djeipi.

Marangane	name of the Crow
palak	people
mami	fish
yilgi	sea
Lakuldarar	stone reef at Beachport
rawuntulun	butcher bird
witin-witin	kingfisher
djeipi	quail



Listen to the Crow Song here



The mitji of this yandi-orn is Milerum. He recorded Tanganekald tungari for future generations. Milerum carries a plonggi and a wana. He wears a karatparaki and a murni.

mitji	name
yandi-orn	old man
tungari	song
plonggi	a type of club
wana	a type of boomerang
karatparaki	basket
murni	kangaroo skin rug



Learn more about Milerum here



The mitji of this wulu-meimini is Koromarange.

Her maranu is a prupi wulu-meimini, Prupe.

Koromarange wanted to protect her natjari from Prupe.

mitji	name
wulu-meimini	old woman
Koromarange	name of an old woman
maranu	older sister
prupi	evil
Prupe	name of the evil old woman
natjari	grandchild



Read the full story about the two sisters here



The mitji of this wulu-meimini is Prupe. She lives on the Kurangk at a place called Prupangawand. Prupe porlar thakun.

mitji	name
wulu-meimini	old woman
Prupe	name of the evil old woman
Kurangk	Coorong
Prupangawand	name of a place behind
	the Magrath homestead
porlar	children
thakun	to eat



Read the full story about the two sisters here



Prupe went tondi and so wanted to steal some new peilu. She was going to kidnap Koromarange's natjari! But Koromarange tricked Prupe and saved the nganayeri. Prupe's manda was destroyed.

Prupe	name of the evil old woman
tondi	blind
peilu	eyes
Koromarange	name of an old woman
natjari	grandchild
nganayeri	girl
manda	camp



Read the full story about the two sisters here



In the old times *wentwin karakoanyi* lived on the *ruwi*.

Wentwin karakoanyi barked like a panmauri.

Wentwin karakoanyi swapped its turar with panmauri and went to live in the yilgi instead.



### wentwin karakoanyileopard sealruwilandpanmauridogturarteethyilgisea



Read the story of the Dog and Seal here



In the old times panmauri lived in the yilgi.

Panmauri swapped its turar with wentwin karakoanyi and moved to the ruwi.

Panmauri were used by Tanganekald people for hunting peindjali and wainggami.

# panmauridogyilgiseaturarteethwentwin karakoanyileopard sealruwilandpeindjaliemuwainggamikangaroo



Read the story of the Dog and Seal here



A long time ago, the peindjali nangar tricked the porolgi nangar to destroy her peletar.

In revenge, porolgi nangar and porolgi matjurunu drowned the peindjali lakinyeri.

Today, peindjali nangar and peindjali matjurunu lie in the yurli as pardhung.



Read the story of the Emu and the Brolga here.

peindjali nangar porolgi peletar matjurunu lakinyeri yurli pardhung

emu mother brolga eggs father family beach granite rock



Panmaurar chase peindjalar and wainggamar through the keinyarangali.

Nandurar follow behind. They hold plonggar and parmurar.

ard

They want some ngaldi!



Listen to the Hunting Song here

panmaurar peindjalar wainggamar keinyarangali nandurar plonggar parmurar ngaldi

many dogs many emus many kangaroos grass tree scrub many men many clubs many spears meat





maldawuli ruwi parenguki ngaldi mami nguni Kulda mukuwalin Karta

Ancestral being Country fresh water meat fish plant foods name of an Ancestral being smallpox Kangaroo Island





Listen to the Maldawuli songs here.

